

Major federal programs in the Education Budget for Fiscal Year 2011 are listed below. Twenty-three programs were eliminated from the FY2011 budget, including State Technology Grants (EETT), Striving Readers, Even Start, and Literacy Through School Libraries. Race to the Top (RTTT) and Investing in Innovation (i3) programs have been added to the FY2011 budget; these ARRA Stimulus funding programs were not included in the FY2010 budget. Head Start also had a significant increase of 5%.

Education MarketView is MDR's on-demand sales and marketing tool that tracks state and federal grant opportunities and awards. ➔ indicates programs currently tracked in the **MarketView** database.

Any increase/decrease of 1% or less is considered NC (no change).

➔ Adult Education and Family Literacy Act

<u>Funding (In Millions)</u>		This program provides formula grants to states for adult basic and secondary education and English as a second language (ESL). Programs are designed to help adults achieve their GED and obtain basic skills needed to attain employment and functionally contribute to society. Programs also integrate literacy projects designed to provide childhood education for children and literacy training for parents. http://www.ed.gov/about/offices/list/ovae/pi/AdultEd/index.html
2010	\$628	
2011	\$596	
Increase/Decrease	-5%	

➔ Career and Technical Education (formerly Perkins Vocational and Applied Technology Act)

<u>Funding (In Millions)</u>		This program supports equal access by special populations at the secondary and postsecondary levels to vocational and technology education activities, plus related professional development activities for teachers, counselors, and corrections educators. States receive formula grant funds; school districts then receive subgrants. Funds may be used to develop, disseminate, and field test curriculum materials and promote partnerships with appropriate entities. http://www.ed.gov/about/offices/list/ovae/index.html?src=oc
2010	\$1,161	
2011	\$1,124	
Increase/Decrease	-3%	

➔ Charter Schools

<u>Funding (In Millions)</u>		This program provides funding for the design and implementation of public charter schools. Increased emphasis is being placed on the success and accountability of these schools. Grants are provided on a competitive basis to states with charter school laws; states, in turn, make subgrants to authorized entities. Funds may be used for activities, such as purchasing equipment, materials, supplies, or dissemination of information about the charter school or the evaluation of their effectiveness. http://www.ed.gov/programs/charter/index.html
2010	\$256	
2011	\$256	
Increase/Decrease	NC	

Enhanced Assessment Grants

<u>Funding (In Millions)</u>		The objectives of this program are to (1) improve the quality, validity, and reliability of state academic assessments; (2) measure student academic achievement using multiple measures of student academic achievement from multiple sources; (3) chart student progress over time; and (4) evaluate student academic achievement through the development of comprehensive academic assessment instruments, such as performance and technology-based academic assessments. http://www.ed.gov/programs/eag/index.html
2010	\$411	
2011	\$390	
Increase/Decrease	-5%	

Federally Funded Education Programs

Foreign Language Assistance

Funding (In Millions)		This program provides grants to establish, improve, or expand innovative foreign language programs for elementary and secondary school students. In awarding grants under this program, the Secretary of Education supports projects that promote systemic approaches to improving foreign language learning in the state. http://www.ed.gov/programs/flapsea/index.html
2010	\$27	
2011	\$27	
Increase/Decrease	NC	

Head Start (Health and Human Services)

Funding (In Millions)		Head Start grantees are public agencies, school districts, or nonprofit groups. Head Start serves children ages 3 to 5 from low-income families. Early Head Start serves low-income pregnant women and families with toddlers or infants. The Head Start program provides an array of social and educational services designed to equip young children and their parents with the skills they need to better transition into and experience success in school. http://eclkc.ohs.acf.hhs.gov/hslc
2010	\$7,235	
2011	\$7,600	
Increase/Decrease	5%	

Homeless Education Assistance Act (McKinney-Vento Act, Title X, Part C)

Funding (In Millions)		The McKinney-Vento program is designed to address the problems that homeless children and youth have faced in enrolling, attending, and succeeding in school. Eligible uses of the grant include tutoring, supplemental services, professional development, developmentally appropriate early childhood education programs, and school supplies. http://www.ed.gov/programs/homeless/index.html
2010	\$65	
2011	\$65	
Increase/Decrease	NC	

Impact Aid

Funding (In Millions)		The Impact Aid program provides payments to local districts that have a large number of pupils whose parents work on or who live on federal property, such as a military base. Funds offset the loss in local property taxes that usually are the major source for school funding. Funds are also available to help meet the added cost of educating those federally connected children with disabilities. Funds typically become part of a district's general fund account and are used for basic expenses, such as teacher salaries, books, and supplies. Private schools are not eligible to receive Impact Aid funds. http://www.ed.gov/about/offices/list/oese/impactaid/index.html
2010	\$1,276	
2011	\$1,273	
Increase/Decrease	NC	

Improving Teacher Quality (Title II)

Funding (In Millions)		The purpose of the program, also referred to as Title II, is to increase academic achievement by improving teacher and principal quality. This program is carried out by (1) increasing the number of highly qualified teachers in classrooms, (2) increasing the number of highly qualified principals and assistant principals in schools, and (3) increasing the effectiveness of teachers and principals by holding districts and schools accountable for improvements in student academic achievement. http://www.ed.gov/programs/teacherqual/index.html
2010	\$2,948	
2011	\$2,468	
Increase/Decrease	-16%	

Federally Funded Education Programs

Investing in Innovation (i3)

Funding (In Millions)		The Investing in Innovation Fund, established under the American Recovery and Reinvestment Act of 2009 (ARRA), provides funding to support (1) local school districts and (2) nonprofit organizations in partnership with (a) one or more districts or (b) a consortium of schools. The purpose of this program is to provide competitive grants to applicants with a record of improving student achievement and attainment in order to expand the implementation of, and investment in, innovative practices that are demonstrated to have an impact on improving student achievement or student growth, closing achievement gaps, decreasing dropout rates, increasing high school graduation rates, or increasing college enrollment and completion rates.
2010	—	
2011	\$150	
Increase/Decrease	New	

<http://www2.ed.gov/programs/innovation/index.html>

Language Acquisition State Grants

Funding (In Millions)		The purpose of this formula program is to assist school districts in teaching English to Limited English Proficient (LEP) students and to help them meet the same challenging state standards required of all other students. Grant money may be used for services and activities, such as curriculum development, purchase of instructional materials, education software, tutoring and counseling, or to pay for personnel trained to provide services to Limited English Proficient students.
2010	\$750	
2011	\$733	
Increase/Decrease	-2%	

<http://www.ed.gov/programs/sfgp/nrgcomp.html>

Magnet Schools Assistance in Desegregating Districts

Funding (In Millions)		These grants assist in the desegregation of public schools by supporting the elimination, reduction, and prevention of minority group isolation in elementary and secondary schools with substantial numbers of minority group students. In order to meet the statutory purposes of the program, projects also must support the development and implementation of magnet schools that assist in the achievement of systemic reforms and provide all students with the opportunity to meet challenging academic content and student academic achievement standards.
2010	\$100	
2011	\$100	
Increase/Decrease	NC	

<http://www.ed.gov/programs/magnet/index.html>

Mathematics and Science Partnerships

Funding (In Millions)		This program seeks to encourage states, institutions of higher learning, districts, and schools to form partnerships to improve student performance in math and science. Funds may be used in a variety of ways, such as professional development, summer workshops, and distance learning programs.
2010	\$180	
2011	\$175	
Increase/Decrease	-3%	

<http://www.ed.gov/programs/mathsci/index.html>

Migrant Education Program

Funding (In Millions)		Funds support high-quality education programs for migratory children and help ensure that migratory children who move among the states are not penalized in any manner by disparities among states in curriculum, graduation requirements, or state academic content and student academic achievement standards.
2010	\$395	
2011	\$394	
Increase/Decrease	NC	

<http://www.ed.gov/programs/mep/index.html>

Federally Funded Education Programs

Race to the Top

Funding (In Millions)		
2010	—	Of the \$700 million in new FY2011 Race to the Top funds, \$500 million is being used to fund a new state-level grant competition, Race to the Top – Early Learning Challenge (RTTT-ELC) Program. The RTTT-ELC will reward states that create comprehensive plans to transform early learning systems with better coordination, clearer learning standards, and meaningful workforce development. States applying for challenge grants will be encouraged to increase access to quality early learning programs for low-income and disadvantaged children, design integrated and transparent systems that align their early care and education programs, bolster training and support for the early learning workforce, create robust evaluation systems to document and share effective practices and successful programs, and help parents make informed decisions about care for their children.
2011	\$700	
Increase/Decrease	New	

<http://www2.ed.gov/programs/racetothetop/index.html>

Rural Education Initiative

Funding (In Millions)		
2010	\$175	The funding is available for two programs. The first provides flexible grants to small, rural districts and allows them the added freedom in spending money under a few major ESEA programs. If a district did not qualify, it would be eligible for a second initiative, which provides flexible grants to rural districts with at least 20% of the students living in poverty.
2011	\$175	
Increase/Decrease	NC	

<http://www.ed.gov/nclb/freedom/local/reap.html>

Safe and Drug-Free Schools

Funding (In Millions)		
2010	\$224	This program consists of two major programs: State Grants for Drug and Violence Prevention Programs and National Programs. State Grants is a formula grant program that provides funds to states and local school districts for a broad range of community and school-based prevention and education programs. National Programs provides funds for discretionary grants that focus on drug and violence prevention issues. Any activity financed under the program must meet “principles of effectiveness,” such as being based on scientifically conducted research.
2011	\$126	
Increase/Decrease	-44%	

<http://www.ed.gov/about/offices/list/osdfs/index.html>

School Counseling

Funding (In Millions)		
2010	\$55	This program provides funding to local educational agencies (LEAs) to establish or expand elementary and secondary school counseling programs, with special consideration given to applicants that can demonstrate the greatest need for counseling services in the schools to be served, propose the most innovative and promising approaches, and show the greatest potential for replication and dissemination.
2011	\$52	
Increase/Decrease	-5%	

<http://www.ed.gov/programs/elseccounseling/index.html>

Federally Funded Education Programs

➤ School Improvement Grant

Funding (In Millions)		Title I formula grants to state educational agencies (SEAs) assist schools identified for improvement, corrective action, and restructuring. Funds are used for the purpose of strengthening the capacity of states to carry out their program improvement responsibilities required under Title I by (1) building state capacity to provide leadership in implementing effective school improvement strategies for local educational agencies (LEAs) and schools that have been identified for improvement, are in corrective action, or are in the restructuring process and (2) providing resources to LEAs to support school improvement activities, including the development and implementation of effective school improvement plans.
2010	\$546	
2011	\$535	
Increase/Decrease	-2%	

<http://www.ed.gov/programs/sif/index.html>

➤ Special Education IDEA (Grants to States)

Funding (In Millions)		The Individuals with Disabilities Act was reauthorized in November 2004. This program provides financial assistance to states to help them meet the educational and developmental needs of over 6 million children, ages birth through 21. The law focuses on increased expectations, more coordination and involvement by parents and the regular classroom teacher, and more professional development for all involved in educating children with disabilities. The law also permits the integration of funds into Title I Schoolwide Programs. Special Education services apply to a vast array of disabilities, including those with severe disabilities, the emotionally challenged and the severely and profoundly mentally challenged. IDEA grant categories include those to states and preschools as well as grants for infants and toddlers.
2010	\$12,587	
2011	\$12,543	
Increase/Decrease	NC	

<http://www.ed.gov/about/offices/list/osers/index.html?src=oc>

➤ Teaching American History

Funding (In Millions)		This discretionary grant program is designed to raise student achievement by improving teachers' knowledge and understanding of and appreciation for traditional U.S. history. Grant awards will assist districts, in partnership with entities that have content expertise, to develop, document, evaluate, and disseminate innovative and cohesive models of professional development. By helping teachers to develop a deeper understanding and appreciation of U.S. history as a separate subject matter within the core curriculum, these programs will improve instruction and raise student achievement. This program supports professional development for U.S. history teachers.
2010	\$119	
2011	\$46	
Increase/Decrease	-61%	

<http://www2.ed.gov/programs/teachinghistory/index.html>

Federally Funded Education Programs

➔ Title I

Funding (In Millions)		This formula grant program is the largest of the Elementary and Secondary Education Programs and provides districts with extra resources to help improve instruction in high poverty schools and ensure that poor and minority children have the same opportunity as their peers to meet challenging state academic standards. States are required to develop standards in reading and math and assessments linked to those standards for all students in Grades 3 to 8. Districts and schools must use Title I funds for activities that scientifically-based research suggests will be most effective in helping all students meet these standards. http://www.ed.gov/programs/titleiparta/index.html
2010	\$14,492	
2011	\$14,463	
Increase/Decrease	NC	

➔ 21st Century Community Learning Centers

Funding (In Millions)		This program provides money for before- and after-school initiatives, weekend and summer programs that seek to advance student achievement. It allows grants not only to school districts but also directly to community-based organizations and other public or private entities, including faith-based groups, in rural and inner-city schools in nearly every state. Centers will provide opportunities for children and youth to participate in a variety of activities, including nutritional and health services and technology programs. Funds may be used for planning, implementing, or expanding learning activities and for other areas of instruction, enrichment, and recreation, including telecommunications and technology education. http://www.ed.gov/programs/21stcclc/index.html
2010	\$1,166	
2011	\$1,154	
Increase/Decrease	-1%	

Note: Links to available web pages are for informational purposes only. Accuracy is not guaranteed by MDR.

The programs shown are those that MDR felt would be of the greatest interest to K-12 education marketers. It is not intended to be a comprehensive listing of all education programs.



Grow with us

Use MDR's **Education MarketView** to learn more about the federal, state, and private grants that are available or awarded to districts and schools. **MarketView** is the on-demand, continuously updated sales and marketing tool that includes a comprehensive federal, state, and private grant opportunity database to help you build sales and marketing strategies to win available funding and grant dollars.

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